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Toilet Facilities in Factories, Buildings, and Residences. (Ord. Dec. 1, 1914.)

4. All buildings, factories, shops, or other place or places within the city limits where are employed persons, or where occupied as a residence or a place of abode or for public gatherings, shall be provided with adequate sanitary and approved toilet facilities. Where houses or apartments are occupied jointly by two or more families living separately there shall be provided separate approved toilet facilities for each family.

Buildings—Insanitary—Condemnation, Vacation, and Repair. (Ord. Dec. 1, 1914.)

5. The health officer shall have the power to condemn any house or building within the city limits that is occupied or to be occupied as a human habitation, when in his judgment, and after proper inspection such house or building is found to be insanitary and dangerous to the health of persons occupying or who may occupy it. Upon the condemnation of such a house or building the health officer shall report the facts in the case to the board of health in writing. After sufficient investigation the board of health shall direct that such a building be suitably placarded, and formal notice be served upon the occupants of such building, if occupied, to vacate; and upon the owner of the building directing the said owner to at once repair or remodel such building or to remove the building, in the discretion of the board, such repairing or remodeling to be passed upon by the board of health before occupancy or reoccupancy of the building. Any occupant or occupants of such condemned building who shall fail to comply with the notice above mentioned shall be fined as hereinafter set forth. Any owner of any such condemned building who shall fail to comply with the notice above mentioned upon conviction thereof shall be punished as hereinafter provided and a further fine not to exceed \$10 per day for each day such failure to so comply shall continue. Any person or persons who shall continue to occupy a condemned building after due notice to quit, or any person or persons who shall move into such building for the purpose of occupying it as an abode, shall be subject upon conviction to a fine of \$5 or imprisonment for two days, and a further fine of \$2 per day or imprisonment for one day so long as such failure to observe said notice shall continue.

Medicines—Distribution of Samples of, Prohibited. (Ord. Dec. 1, 1914.)

6. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to distribute, give away or deposit as a means of free advertisement, from door to door, or upon the steps, porches, or approaches to any dwelling house or building, or upon the streets, alleys, lanes, or parks of the city, any packages, parcels, boxes, envelopes, or any other container containing any medicine, drug, or preparation purporting to be a remedy or medicine for the prevention or cure of disease of man or animal.

Slaughterhouses—Permit Required—Health Officer to Make Regulations Governing. (Ord. Dec. 1, 1914.)

7. It shall not be lawful for any person, without permission in writing from the council, to keep any slaughterhouse within the city limits, or kill, or slaughter for sale, any animal within the city limits, and every day any slaughterhouse is kept as aforesaid shall constitute a separate offense.

When permission is given, the slaughterhouse shall be kept clean and free from filth or offal, so as not to be offensive to the public living in the neighborhood.

The health officer shall make regulations, subject to the approval of the board of health, governing the sanitary construction and control of slaughterhouses and meat